

# (12) United States Patent

LYME BORRELIOSIS

Levet et al.

## (54) PROTEINS USED FOR THE DIAGNOSIS OF

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See application file for complete search history.

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#### **ABSTRACT** (57)

A nucleic acid encoding a chimeric protein, the chimeric protein including (i) at least one amino acid sequence having at least 50% sequence identity with any of the amino acid sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 1-5, and (ii) at least one amino acid sequence having at least 80% sequence identity with any of the amino acid sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 6-8. The chimeric protein includes at least one amino acid sequence of (i) and at least one amino acid sequence of (ii) that are from different *Borrelia* strains or species.

### 20 Claims, No Drawings

## PROTEINS USED FOR THE DIAGNOSIS OF LYME BORRELIOSIS

This is a Division of application Ser. No. 13/388,168 filed Jan. 31, 2012, now U.S. Pat. No. 8,895,257, which in turn is 5 a National Phase entry of PCT/FR2010/051787 filed Aug. 27, 2010, which claims priority to FR 0904094 filed Aug. 28, 2009. The disclosure of the prior applications is hereby incorporated by reference herein in its entirety.

Lyme borreliosis (LB) is a noncontagious infectious disease caused by a spirochete called *Borrelia burgdorferi*, which is transmitted to humans via a bite by a tick of the genus *Ixodes*. Without treatment, LB leads to various pathological disorders (dermatological, arthritic, cardiac, neurological and sometimes ocular disorders). It is the most common vectorborne disease in the USA and in certain temperate countries of the northern hemisphere.

Several *borrelia* species, currently denoted under the group term *burgdorferi* or *Borrelia burgdorferi* sensu lato (including *Borrelia burgdorferi* sensu stricto, *B. garinii* and *B.* 20 *afzelii*), are involved in this infection. These species are pathogenic to humans.

In the United States, the infectious species involved is *Borrelia burgdorferi* sensu stricto. In Europe, in addition to this species, *B. garinii* and *B. afzelii* are involved. In Asia, the 25 species involved are *B. garinii* and *B. afzelii*.

In the United States, approximately 10 000 cases are reported. In Europe, the incidence rates vary from less than 5 per 100 000.

Lyme borreliosis progresses by passing through three distinct phases, from early infection to the late phase. The early stage (stage I) may be asymptomatic or reflected by flu-like symptoms. In 50-80% of cases, the appearance of an inflammatory skin rash with a very particular appearance, called erythema migrans (EM) is noted several days after the bite by 35 the tick. In the absence of treatment, the dissemination of the *Borrelia* via the blood is reflected a few weeks later by the occurrence of inflammatory arthritis, neurological (neuroborreliosis) and meningeal involvement, and skin and cardiac manifestations (stage II). After several months or years, the 40 disease progresses to a chronic atrophicans form, encephalopathy, encephalomyelitis and chronic arthritis (stage III).

A particular organotropism exists for each of the species of *Borrelia burgdorferi*. While the first stage of erythema migrans is without distinction linked to the three species, the 45 progression to a neurological form is preferentially associated with the species *B. garinii*, arthritis is more associated with *B. burgdorferi* sensu stricto, and acrodermatitis chronica atrophicans is specific for *B. afzelii*.

The similarity of the clinical symptoms between Lyme 50 borreliosis and other unrelated diseases, and also the variability in manifestations, makes clinical diagnosis difficult. The diagnosis of borreliosis can be particularly difficult on the basis of clinical observations, if case history evidence is absent (tick bite or EM). The early stage of the disease may be 55 without visible symptoms up to the time it reaches very advanced clinical stages.

Consequently, the diagnosis of LB is based on clinical signs but also on the detection of pathogenic *Borrelia burg-dorferi*-specific antibodies in the serum, most commonly by 60 ELISA (Enzyme Linked ImmunoSorbent Assay) or else EIA or IFA.

In Europe, the evaluation of the serological response is complicated owing to the existence of three pathogenic species and to the interspecies variability for the major immunodominant antigens. The antigens currently routinely used for detecting LB IgGs and IgMs are ultrasound-treated cell

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samples of Borrelia burgdorferi sensu lato. The performance levels of the serological assays with these antigens, in terms of specificity and sensitivity, are highly variable. Thus, owing to insufficient specificity, involving cross reactivities with antibodies associated with pathogenic bacteria, in particular Treponema pallidum (etiological agent for syphilis), spirochetes, rickettsiae, ehrlichia, or Helicobacter pylori, the diagnosis of samples having tested positive by ELISA must be confirmed by immunoblotting. Sensitivity is also a major factor. This is because Borrelia burgdorferi sensu lato expresses various surface proteins via adaptation to various microenvironments, such that the genetic diversity and the differential expression of the Borrelia burgdorferi genes in patients have important implications for the development of serological tests for LB.

It was therefore necessary to develop a kit which overcomes the abovementioned drawbacks and which more particularly meets the expected specificity and sensitivity criteria.

The VIsE protein (surface expressed lipoprotein with Extensive antigenic Variation) is mainly expressed, in vivo, transiently and rapidly after infection of the host. It is very immunogenic in the infected host, involving the production of IgGs and IgMs. The VIs locus is located on a linear plasmid of 28 kb (Ip28-1) present in the three *Borrelia* genospecies responsible for Lyme disease and composed of silent cassettes and an expression site (VIsE). In vivo, random recombinations between expression cassettes and silent cassettes occur during infection and are responsible for the antigenic variability of VIsE. The VIsE protein is composed of six variable regions VR1-VR6, located at the surface of the VIsE protein, spaced out by "invariable" regions IR1-IR6.

It is known that the VIsE proteins exhibit considerable interspecies and intraspecies heterogeneity. In 2004, Göttner et al. [1] described an identity of approximately 47 to 58% at the protein level of VIsE originating from four strains.

In order to overcome the abovementioned sensitivity and specificity problems, the inventors have produced a *Borrelia* chimeric protein comprising at least one sequence of the extracellular domain of a VIsE protein of a first *Borrelia* species corresponding to a predetermined strain and at least one sequence of an IR6 region of a VIsE protein of a second *Borrelia* species or of the first *Borrelia* species but corresponding to a strain different than that of the first species, said chimeric protein comprising (or consisting essentially of or else consisting of):

the sequence of the extracellular domain of the VIsE protein of the first *Borrelia* species which is composed of five variable regions VR1, VR2, VR3, VR4 and VR5 and of six invariable regions IR1, IR2, IR3, IR4, IR5 and IR6, said at least one sequence of the extracellular domain being selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 or a variant of one of said sequences SEQ ID NOs 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, said variant exhibiting at least 50% identity (preferably at least 60% or at least 85% identity) with SEQ ID NOs 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, respectively, on the condition that said variant is capable of forming an immunological complex with antibodies produced following a *Borrelia* infection, and

the at least one sequence of the IR6 region of the second *Borrelia* species, or of the first *Borrelia* species but corresponding to a strain different than that of the first species, which is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 6, 7 and 8 or a variant of one of said sequences SEQ ID NOs 6, 7 and 8, said variant exhibiting at least 80% identity (preferably at least 85% and advantageously at least 90% identity) with SEQ ID NOs

6, 7 and 8, respectively, on the condition that the variant of said sequence is capable of forming an immunological complex with the antibodies produced following a *Borrelia* infection.

The chimeric protein identified above can in addition comprise a variable sequence VR6 of a *Borrelia* species, this sequence being identified in SEQ ID NO: 9 in the sequence listing.

A preferred chimera protein comprises (or consists essentially of or consists of):

the sequence SEQ ID NO: 1 or a variant of said sequence SEQ ID NO: 1, said variant exhibiting at least 50% identity (preferably at least 60% or at least 70% identity and advantageously at least 80% or at least 85% identity) with SEQ ID NO: 1,

the sequence SEQ ID NO: 6 or a variant of said sequence SEQ ID NO: 6, said variant exhibiting at least 80% identity (preferably at least 85% and advantageously at least 90% identity) with SEQ ID NO: 6,

the sequence SEQ ID NO: 7 or a variant of said sequence SEQ ID NO: 7, said variant exhibiting at least 80% identity (preferably at least 85% and advantageously at least 90% identity) with SEQ ID NO: 7, and

the sequence SEQ ID NO: 8 or a variant of said sequence 25 SEQ ID NO: 8, said variant exhibiting at least 80% identity (preferably at least 85% and advantageously at least 90% identity) with SEQ ID NO: 8,

and, optionally, the variable sequence VR6 identified in SEO ID NO: 9.

Thus, one of the chimeric proteins of the invention comprises (or consists essentially of or consists of) the sequence SEQ ID NO: 1, the sequence SEQ ID NO: 6, the sequence SEQ ID NO: 7 and the sequence SEQ ID NO: 8, or even in addition the sequence SEQ ID NO: 9.

The preferred chimeric proteins of the invention are particularly identified as comprising (or consisting essentially of or consisting of) a sequence selected from SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 21 and SEQ ID NO: 23; the most preferred protein being that which comprises or which consists of a 40 sequence identified in SEQ ID NO: 20 in the sequence listing.

SEQ ID NO: 1 corresponds to the sequence of the VIsE extracellular domain of *B. garinii* (strain pBi) deleted of its signal sequence (aa 1-19) and of the C-terminal region of the mature protein located after the IR6 domain, i.e. this extracellular domain is composed of the IR1, VR1, IR2, VR2, IR3, VR3, IR4, VR4, IR5, VR5 and IR6 regions of *B. garinii* (strain pBi).

SEQ ID NO: 2 corresponds to the sequence of the VIsE extracellular domain of *B. garinii* (strain pBr) deleted of its signal sequence and of the C-terminal region of the mature protein located after the IR6 domain, i.e. this extracellular domain is composed of the IR1, VR1, IR2, VR2, IR3, VR3, IR4, VR4, IR5, VR5 and IR6 regions of *B. garinii* (strain pBr).

SEQ ID NO: 3 corresponds to the sequence of the VIsE extracellular domain of *B. garinii* (strain pLi) deleted of its signal sequence and of the C-terminal region of the mature protein located after the IR6 domain, i.e. this extracellular domain is composed of the IR1, VR1, IR2, VR2, IR3, VR3, 60 IR4, VR4, IR5, VR5 and IR6 regions of *B. garinii* (strain pLi).

SEQ ID NO: 4 corresponds to the sequence of the VIsE extracellular domain of *B. afzelii* (strain pKo) deleted of its signal sequence and of the C-terminal region of the mature protein located after the IR6 domain, i.e. this extracellular 65 domain is composed of the IR1, VR1, IR2, VR2, IR3, VR3, IR4, VR4, IR5, VR5 and IR6 regions of *B. afzelii* (strain pKo).

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SEQ ID NO: 5 corresponds to the sequence of the VIsE extracellular domain of *B. burgdorferi* sensu stricto (strain B31) deleted of its signal sequence and of the C-terminal region of the mature protein located after the IR6 domain, i.e. this extracellular domain is composed of the IR1, VR1, IR2, VR2, IR3, VR3, IR4, VR4, IR5, VR5 and IR6 regions of *B. burgdorferi* sensu stricto (strain B31).

SEQ ID NO: 6 corresponds to the sequence of the IR6 domain of *B. burgdorferi* sensu stricto (strain B31).

SEQ ID NO: 7 corresponds to the sequence of the IR6 domain of *B. afzelii* (strain ACA-1).

SEQ ID NO: 8 corresponds to the sequence of the IR6 domain of *B. garinii* (strain Ip90).

SEQ ID NO: 9 corresponds to the sequence of the VR6 variable region of *B. burgdorferi* sensu stricto (strain B31). This sequence can be introduced into the construct as a spacer arm between the IR6 domains.

It is possible to add a sequence of at least 6 histidines (polyhistidine tail), identified in SEQ ID NO: 10, encoded by 20 any one of the nucleic sequences identified in SEO ID NOs 11, 12 and 13, at the N-terminal or C-terminal end of the protein in order to allow its purification on metal-chelate resin, and also additional amino acids represented in SEQ ID NO: 14 and encoded by the sequence SEQ ID NO: 15, upstream of the polyhistidine tail. In this configuration, the protein comprises or consists of a sequence identified as SEQ ID NO: 21. Alternatively, it is possible to place a sequence of 8 histidines, represented in SEQ ID NO: 16 and encoded by SEQ ID NO: 17, in the N-terminal position of the protein in place of the 6-histidine sequence, which makes it possible to stabilize the attachment of the recombinant protein to the metal-chelate resin and to improve the purification conditions, and also additional amino acids represented in SEQ ID NO: 18 and encoded by the sequence SEQ ID NO: 19. In this 35 configuration, the protein comprises or consists of a sequence identified as SEQ ID NO: 23.

The preferred proteins of the invention are those identified as SEQ ID NOs: 21 and 23, respectively encoded by the sequences SEQ ID NOs: 22 and 24.

The subject of the invention is also the DNA sequences encoding the proteins as defined above, and in particular the sequences identified as SEQ ID NOs: 22 and 24.

The subject of the invention is also an expression cassette which is functional in a cell derived from a prokaryotic organism (example: *Escherichia coli*) or a eukaryotic organism, such as a yeast (example: *Pichia, Schizosaccharomyces*), allowing the expression of the nucleic acid described above (DNA), when it is placed under the control of the elements allowing its expression, and also the vector comprising such a cassette.

The protein of the invention can in particular be used for the diagnosis of a Borrelia infection. Thus, the subject of the present invention is a method for the in vitro diagnosis of Lyme borreliosis in a biological sample (for example a serum, 55 blood, plasma, etc., sample), according to which the biological sample is brought into contact with at least one protein as defined above and it is determined whether there is formation of an immunological complex between said protein and antibodies of the biological sample (IgGs and/or IgMs), for example by adding at least one anti-human-immunoglobulin labeled with any appropriate label. The term "label" is intended to mean a tracer capable of generating a signal. A nonlimiting list of these tracers comprises enzymes which produce a signal detectable, for example, by colorimetry, fluorescence or luminescence, for instance horseradish peroxidase, alkaline phosphatase, β-galactosidase or glucose-6phosphate dehydrogenase; chromophores, for instance fluo-

rescent, luminescent or coloring compounds; electron dense groups that can be detected by electron microscopy or via their electrical properties, for instance conductivity, by amperometry or voltammetry methods, or by impedance measurements; groups that can be detected by optical meth- 5 ods, for instance diffraction, surface plasmon resonance or contact angle variation, or by physical methods, for instance atomic force spectroscopy, tunnel effect, etc.; radioactive molecules, for instance <sup>32</sup>P, <sup>35</sup>S or <sup>125</sup>I. Preferably, the protein is immobilized on a solid support which may be the tip of a 10 Vidas® apparatus, the wells of a microtitration plate, a particle, a gel etc.

In one embodiment of the invention, the sample is also brought into contact with at least one chimeric fusion protein selected from those described below:

- (a) a protein of which the amino acid sequence comprises (or consists of) the sequence SEQ ID NO: 25 and the sequence SEQ ID NO: 26 or a sequence which exhibits at least 40% identity with SEQ ID NO: 25 and a sequence which exhibits at least 50% identity with SEO ID NO: 26,
- (b) a protein of which the amino acid sequence comprises (or consists of) the sequence SEQ ID NO: 27 and the sequence SEQ ID NO: 28 or a sequence which exhibits at least 40% identity with SEQ ID NO: 27 and a sequence which exhibits at least 50% identity with SEQ ID NO: 28,
- (c) a protein of which the amino acid sequence comprises (or consists of) a sequence selected from:
- (i) the sequence SEQ ID NO: 29 and the sequence SEQ ID NO: 31 or a sequence which exhibits at least 40% identity with SEQ ID NO: 29 and a sequence which exhibits at least 30 50% identity with SEQ ID NO: 31,
- (ii) the sequence SEQ ID NO: 30 and the sequence SEQ ID NO: 31 or a sequence which exhibits at least 40% identity with SEQ ID NO: 30 and a sequence which exhibits at least 50% identity with SEQ ID NO: 31,
- (iii) the sequence SEQ ID NO: 29, the sequence SEQ ID NO: 30 and the sequence SEQ ID NO: 31, or a sequence which exhibits at least 40% identity with SEQ ID NO: 29, a sequence which exhibits at least 40% identity with SEQ ID NO: 30 and a sequence which exhibits at least 50% identity 40 with SEQ ID NO: 31,
- (d) a protein of which the amino acid sequence comprises (or consists of) a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 32, 34, 36 or a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 33, 35, 37 and 38 described in greater detail below.

Each of the proteins identified above comprises at least one sequence of the extracellular domain of a DbpA protein of a Borrelia species selected from B. afzelii (SEQ ID NO: 25), B. burgdorferi sensu stricto (SEQ ID NO: 27) and B. garinii (group III: SEQ ID NO: 29) (group IV: SEQ ID NO: 30) or a 50 sequence exhibiting at least 40% identity with said sequences, and at least one sequence of an OspC protein of B. afzelii (SEQ ID NO: 26), B. burgdorferi sensu stricto (SEQ ID NO: 28) and B. garinii (SEQ ID NO: 31) or a sequence which exhibits at least 50% identity with said sequences. Preferen- 55 The sequences were optimized for their expression in E. coli tially, the DbpA sequence(s) is (are) placed on the N-terminal side of the recombinant protein and the OspC sequence is placed on the C-terminal side of the recombinant protein.

As described previously, a sequence of at least 6 histidines can be added at the N-terminal or C-terminal end of the 60 protein in order to enable its purification on metal-chelate resin. The 6-histidine sequence, identified in SEQ ID NO: 10, is preferentially placed on the N-terminal side of the construct. Additional amino acids may be present upstream of the poly-His tail owing to the insertion, into the coding DNA sequence, of a small sequence which makes it possible to facilitate the cloning of the sequence of interest into the

expression plasmid, for example the "MRGS" motif (SEO ID NO: 14) encoded by ATGAGGGGATCC (SEQ ID NO: 15).

A linking region can be introduced between each of the DbpA and OspC sequences which makes up a chimeric recombinant protein. This type of region corresponds to a flexible spacing region providing better accessibility of the potential antibodies to each of the domains. It is generally rich in Gly and Ser amino acids, which are amino acids described as providing flexibility in the tertiary structure of the protein. It is also possible to introduce, into a coding sequence of interest, a DNA arm (or linker) in order to promote the linking between the coding sequences for two proteins of interest. This is, for example, the "GSGG" motif (SEQ ID NO: 46) encoded by sequence GGTTCCGGGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 47), which acts as a linker arm between the DbpA group IV and OspC proteins of B. garinii.

Examples of these proteins are represented by SEQ ID NOs: 33, 35, 37 and 38 in the sequence listing.

The proteins described above and identified as SEQ ID NOs: 32 to 38 in the sequence listing are respectively encoded by the corresponding DNA sequences identified in SEQ ID NOs: 39 to 45.

The subject of the invention is also a kit for the in vitro diagnosis of Lyme borreliosis comprising at least one VIsE chimera protein as described above and optionally at least one DbpA/OspC chimeric fusion protein as defined previously, and preferably comprising at least one anti-human-immunoglobulin labeled with any appropriate label corresponding to the definitions given previously.

### **EXAMPLES**

### Example 1

Preparation of Plasmid Constructs Encoding the VIsE Chimeric Recombinant Proteins

The DNA sequences encoding the various sequences of the protein are identified in table 1.

TABLE 1

	Se	quence origin	
		B. burgdorferi specie acids (aa); ***GenF	
protein	B. sensu stricto	B. afzelii	B. garinii
VlsE	_	_	*PBi; **aa 20-293; ***AJ630106 (GenScript Corp)
IR6	*B31; **aa 274-305; ***U76405 (GeneArt GmbH)	*ACA-1; **aa 172-188; ***U76405 (GeneArt GmbH)	*Ip90; **aa 167-191; ***AAN87834 (GeneArt GmbH)

using GeneOptimizerTM and synthesized respectively by GenScript corporation (Scotch Plains, N.J., USA) or GeneArt GmbH (Regensburg, Germany).

Additional modifications to the DNA, deletions or combinations of various sequences were carried out by PCR by genetic engineering using the PCR techniques well known to those skilled in the art and described, for example, in Sambrook J. et al., Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, 1989. The DNA sequences were ligated into the pMR [2] or pET-3d (Novagen®) expression vector. The plasmid constructs and the corresponding proteins cited as example (bLYM110, bLYM125) are described in table 2.

### TABLE 2

		Plasmid constructs and correspond	onding pro	teins	
	Reco	mbinant protein	Plasmid construct characteristics		
	cł	naracteristics	_	Site of insertion of the	
Name	N-termina Tag	l <i>B. burgdorferi</i> sequence	Parental vector	insert sequence into the vector	
bLYM110 SEQ ID NO: 21	6 x His	VlsE <i>garinii</i> pBi aa 20-293 + 3 IR6 [sensu stricto B21 aa 274-305 + <i>afzelii</i> ADA-laa	pMR78	5'BamHI/3'HindIII	
bLYM125 SEQ ID NO: 23	8 x His	172-188 + garinii Ip90 aa 167-191]	pET-3d	5'NcoI/3'BamHI	

Example 2

## Expression of the Recombinant Proteins of Example 1 and Purification

A plasmid construct described in example 1 was used to transform an *E. coli* bacterium (strain BL21) according to a conventional protocol known to those skilled in the art. The transformed bacteria were selected by virtue of their ampicillin resistance carried by the pMR or pET vector.

A clone of a recombinant bacterium was then selected in order to inoculate a preculture of 40 ml of 2×YT medium (16 g/1 tryptone; 10 g/1 yeast extract; 5 g/1 NaCl, pH 7.0) containing 100 µg/ml ampicillin. After 15 to 18 hours of incubation at 30° C. with shaking at 250 rpm, this preculture was used to inoculate 1 liter of 2×YT medium containing 2% glucose and 100 µg/ml ampicillin. This culture was incubated 35 at 30° C. with shaking at 250 rpm until the OD at 600 nm reaches 1.0/1.2. The culture was maintained for 3 hours 30 min. or 4 hours at 30° C. while adding 0.4 mM isopropyl-β-D-thiogalactopyranoside (IPTG) and harvested by centrifugation at 6000 g for 30 min. The cell pellet was stored at -60° 40 C. For the purification, the wet biomass was resuspended in a lysis buffer containing protease inhibitors without EDTA (Roche) and benzonase nuclease (Novagen®), and subjected to cell rupture at 1.6 kBar in a cell disrupter (Constant Systems Ltd, Daventry, United Kingdom). The lysate was then centrifuged at 10 000 rpm for 45 minutes at 2-8° C. After filtration through a 0.22 µm filter, the supernatant was loaded onto an Ni-NTA column (Qiagen®) equilibrated in a lysis buffer. The resin was then washed with the same buffer until the  $A_{280~nm}$  reached the base line. An elution was carried out with the elution buffer, and the purified protein was dialyzed in a Pierce Slide-A-Lyser® 10000 or 20000 MWCO dialysis cassette against the dialysis buffer. The conditions for purification on Ni-NTA gel are described in table 3.

TABLE 3

Recon	abinant protein purif	ication
Protein	bLYM110 SEQ ID NO: 21	bLYM125 SEQ ID NO: 23
Lysis and washing buffer Elution buffer	Buffer A <sup>1</sup> Buffer B <sup>2</sup>	Buffer A <sup>1</sup> + 2M urea Buffer B <sup>2</sup> modified with 600 mM imidazole
Elution step 1	86% Buffer A + 14% Buffer B (4CV)	92% Buffer A + 8% Buffer B (4CV)

TABLE 3-continued

О	Recon	nbinant protein puri	fication
	Protein	bLYM110 SEQ ID NO: 21	bLYM125 SEQ ID NO: 23
5	Elution step 2 Purification yield mg protein/g wet biomass	100% Buffer B 0.5	100% Buffer B .8
	Purification yield mg protein/L of culture	8.7	17

 $^150$  mM sodium phosphate, 30 mM imidazole, 500 mM NaCl, 0.1% Tween 20, 5% glycerol, pH = 7.8  $^250$  mM sodium phosphate, 325 mM imidazole, 500 mM NaCl, 5% glycerol, pH = 7.5

The samples were analyzed on NuPAGE® Novex® 4-12% in a NuPAGE® MES-SDS circulating buffer, according to the instructions of the producer (Invitrogen<sup>TM</sup>). The proteins were either stained with Coomassie brilliant blue or were transferred electrophoretically onto a nitrocellulose membrane. The membrane was blocked with 5% (w/v) dry milk in PBS and incubated with an anti-pentahistidine antibody (Qiagen®) in PBS containing 0.05% Tween 20. A horseradish peroxidase-labeled goat anti-mouse IgG conjugate (Jackson Immunoresearch laboratories) in PBS/Tween was used as secondary antibody.

The protein concentration was determined using the Bradford Assay Kit (Pierce Coomassie Plus, Perbio Science) with BSA as protein standard.

### Example 3

Detection of Human IgGs and IgMs with the Chimeric Recombinant Protein bLYM110 of Example 2 Using a Line Immunoblot Technique

The recombinant protein was deposited onto a polyvinylidene difluoride membrane (PVDF, Immobilon, Millipore®, Bedford, Mass. USA) according to the following protocol:

The protein concentration was adjusted to 1 mg/ml in PBS, pH 7.2, and diluted in PBS, pH 7.2, supplemented with 0.03%

Tween 20 (dilution ½00th). The PVDF membrane was wetted in methanol, washed in demineralized water and laid out on a wet blotting paper. A plastic ruler was immersed in the protein dilution and attached to the PVDF membrane. After depositing of the proteins and drying of the membranes, the membranes were cut vertically into narrow strips. Before use, the narrow strips were incubated with 5% gelatin in TBS, pH 7.5,

for 1 hour at 37° C. The immunoblot protocols were carried out at ambient temperature as described by Bretz A. G. et al. [3]. The narrow strips were incubated for 2 hours with human sera diluted to ½200<sup>th</sup> in TBS with 1% gelatin, washed and incubated with anti-human IgGs or IgMs labeled with alkaline phosphatase (Sigma<sup>TM</sup>, St-Louis, USA) diluted to ½1000<sup>th</sup> in TBS with 1% gelatin. After washing, the narrow strips were incubated with the BCIP-NBT substrate (KPL, Gaithersburg, Md., USA) for 30 minutes, washed in distilled water and dried.

### Panel of Sera Tested

The human sera were collected from clinically well-defined, typical LB patients corresponding to the various stages of LB (22 with erythema migrans [EM], 5 with carditis, 20 15 with neuroborreliosis [NB], 20 with Lyme arthritis [LA], 20 with acrodermatitis chronica atrophicans [ACA] and 10 with lymphadenosis cutis benigna [LCB]). Anti-Lyme IgGs were found by immunoblot, described previously using whole cell lysates [4], in the sera of patients with LA, ACA and carditis. EM, NB and LCB were identified clinically, but not all the corresponding sera were found to be positive using the immunoblot [4], or using the commercially available kits (Vidas® Lyme (Biomérieux®), *Borrelia* IgG (Diasorin®) and *Borrelia* IgM (r-Biopharm®)). On the other hand, all the cases of NB included in the study had detectable antibodies in the cerebrospinal fluid [CSF] (index extending from 2 to 27.1).

The negative control group consisted of 31 sera previously found to be negative for the presence of anti-Lyme antibodies in conventional assays. Furthermore, 64 sera from healthy blood donors residing in a region endemic for Lyme disease (Monthley, Valis, Switzerland) were tested with the recombinant protein. The strength of the reaction was evaluated as follows: [+], [++], [+++], [-] or equivocal results. The equivocal results were considered to be negative.

The results are given in table 4 below.

IgG Detection

The results indicate that the recombinant protein bLYM110 is a diagnostic antigen that is highly sensitive at all stages of the infection for IgGs. At stage I of the infection, the IgGs were detected in 17 cases of patients with EM out of 22 (i.e. 77.3% sensitivity). Five of the patients with EM who are found to be negative with the recombinant protein are also found to be negative with the in-house immunoblot and with the commercially available kits. Seven EM sera found to be positive with the recombinant protein were not detected by immunoblot, which represents a 31.8% improvement in sensitivity with the recombinant protein. At the primary stage of the infection, in the absence of characteristic redness, the diagnosis can be difficult since the other clinical manifestations of Lyme disease are not specific. Furthermore, only a few patients with EM are detected using the conventional tests. Therefore, the protein of the invention improves the detection of IgGs at stage I of the infection, bringing their detection to more than 77% in patients with EM.

### IgM Detection

Anti-chimera protein IgMs are found in 23.4% of the LB sera. The protein detects the IgGs more often than the IgMs in the sera of stage-I and -II LB patients.

### Example 4

## Preparation of the Plasmid Constructs Encoding the DpbA-OspC Chimeric Recombinant Proteins

The DNA sequences encoding the various DpbA and OspC sequences described are identified in table 5. The DNA sequences were optimized in order to promote expression in *E. coli* using GeneOptimizer<sup>TM</sup> and synthesized respectively by GenScript corporation (Scotch Plains, N.J., USA) or GeneArt GmbH (Regensburg, Germany).

TABLE 4

			IgG					
Stage I	St	age II		Stage III				
EM (n = 22)	NB (n = 20)	Carditis (n = 5)	LA (n = 19)	ACA (n = 20)	Lymph. (n = 10)	(n = 64)		
17	20	5	19	20	9	6		
77.3%	100%	100%	100%	100%	90%	9.4%		
12 [+++]	11 [+++]	4 [+++]	13 [+++]	20 [+++]	3 [+++]	6 [+]		
4 [++]	7 [++]	1 [++]	4 [++]		2 [++]			
1 [+]	2 [+]		2 [+]		4 [+]			
		Tota	l IgG positives	93.7%				
			IgM					
EM (n = 22)	NB (n = 20)	Carditis (n = 5)				(n = 64		
5	4	2				1		
22%	20%	40%				1.5%		
1 [++]	2 [++]	1 [++]				1 [+]		
4 [+]	1 [+]	1 [++]						
. ,			l IgM positives	23.4%				

	\$	Sequence origin	
		B. burgdorferi speci- Isolate; **amino acids **GenBank accession	(aa);
protein	B. sensu stricto	B. afzelii	B. garinii
DbpA	*B31; **aa 2-192; ***AF069269	*PKo; **aa 2-150; ***AJ131967	*40; **aa 2-187; ***AF441832 *PBi; **aa 2-176; ***AJ841673
OspC	*B31; **aa 26-210; ***X73622	*PKo; **aa 2-212; ***X62162	*PEi; **aa 32-208; ***AJ749866

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By way of indication, this particular attachment region, comprising a succession of histidines, allows in particular the oriented attachment of the recombinant protein to a support consisting of silica or of metal oxides.

TABLE 6

	Recom	nbinant protein	Plasmid construct characteristics				
	cha	racteristics	_		Site of insertion of		
Name	N-termina Tag	l <i>B. burgdorferi</i> sequence	name	Parental vector	the insert sequence into the vector		
bLYM114 SEQ ID NO: 33	6 x His	B. afzelii strain PKo DbpA aa 2-150 + OspC aa 2-212	pOL114	pMR78*	5'BamHI/3'EcoRI		
bLYM120 SEQ ID NO: 35	6 x His	B. sensu stricto strain B31 DbpA aa 28-192 + OspC aa 26-210	pOL120	pMR78*	5'BamHI/3'HindIII		
bLYM121 SEQ ID NO: 38	6 x His	B. garinii DbpA III aa 25-187 strain 40 + DbpA IV aa 24-176 strain PBi + OspC aa 32-208 strain PEi	pOL121	pMR78*	5'BamHI/3'HindIII		

Each chimeric recombinant protein comprises at least one epitope region corresponding to the extracellular domain of a DbpA sequence of *Borrelia burgdorferi* sensu stricto or *B. afzelii* or *B. garinii* and at least one epitope region corresponding to the extracellular domain of an OspC sequence of *Borrelia burgdorferi* sensu stricto or *B. afzelii* or *B. garinii*.

The combinations of various nucleotide sequences encoding DbpA and/or OspC sequences and also the modifications of nucleotide sequences, such as deletions, addition of a linking sequence or addition of a linker sequence, were carried out by genetic engineering using the PCR techniques well known to those skilled in the art and described, for example, in Sambrook J. et al., Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, 1989.

The DNA sequences encoding the chimeric proteins of interest were introduced into the pMR expression vector [2] between the BamHI restriction site in the 5' position and the EcoRI or HindIII site in the 3' position. The plasmid constructs and the corresponding proteins cited as example 60 (bLYM114, bLYM120 and bLYM121) are described in table 6. The presence of MRGS in the N-terminal position of the recombinant proteins and the corresponding nucleotide sequence ATG AGG GGA TCC was introduced by the cloning technique used into the pMR expression vector. Only the 65 ATG start codon and consequently the Met amino acid are really essential in this sequence.

Example 5

Expression of the Recombinant Proteins bLYM114, bLYM120 and bLYM121 of Example 4 and Purification

A plasmid construct in which a sequence SEQ ID NO: 40, 42 or 45 has been inserted into an expression vector (pMR) was used to transform an *E. coli* bacterium (strain BL21) according to a conventional protocol known to those skilled in the art. The transformed bacteria were selected by virtue of their ampicillin resistance carried by the pMR vector.

A clone of a recombinant bacterium was then selected in order to inoculate a preculture of 40 ml of 2×YT medium (16 g/1 tryptone; 10 g/1 yeast extract; 5 g/1 NaCl, pH 7.0) containing 100 μg/ml of ampicillin. After 15 to 18 hours of incubation at 30° C. with shaking at 250 rpm, this preculture was used to inoculate 1 liter of 2×YT medium containing 2% glucose and 100 μg/ml of ampicillin. This culture was incubated at 30° C. with shaking at 250 rpm until the OD at 600 nm reaches 1.0/1.2. The culture was maintained for 3 hours 30 min. or 4 hours at 30° C. while adding 0.4 mM isopropyl-β-D-thiogalactopyranoside (IPTG), and harvested by centrifugation at 6000 g for 30 min. The cell pellet was stored at -60° C. For the purification, the wet biomass was thawed and resuspended in a lysis buffer containing protease inhibitors

(Novagen), and subjected to cell rupture at 1.6 kBar in a cell

disrupter (Constant Systems Ltd, Daventry, United King-

dom). The lysate was then centrifuged at 10 000 rpm for 45

and purified by affinity chromatography on a metal chelation

column (nickel-nitrilotriacetic acid matrix (Ni-NTA,

Qiagen)). To do this, the supernatant was loaded (1 ml/min) at

18-25° C. onto an 8 ml column of Ni-NTA gel equilibrated in buffer A (see table 7). The column was then washed in buffer

A, until an  $OD_{280 nm} = 0$  was obtained at the column outlet. The

elution of the recombinant protein is obtained by applying a

buffer B, according to the indications reported in table 7, and

the purified protein was dialyzed in a 10000 or 20000 MWCO

dialysis cassette (Slide-A-Lyser®, Pierce) against a dialysis

buffer. The conditions for purification on Ni-NTA gel are

described in table 7.

min. at 2-8° C. The supernatant obtained contains the soluble 5 proteins. This supernatant was filtered through a 0.45µ filter

### Example 6

Detection of Human IgGs and IgMs with the Chimeric Recombinant Proteins Using a Line Immunoblot Technique

Each recombinant protein was deposited on a polyvinylidene difluoride membrane (PVDF, Immobilon, Millipore, Bedford, Mass. USA) according to the following protocol: The protein concentration was adjusted to 1 mg/ml in PBS, pH 7.2, and diluted in PBS, pH 7.2, supplemented with 0.03% Tween 20 (dilution ½000th). The PVDF membrane was wetted in methanol, washed in demineralized water and laid out on a wet blotting paper. A plastic ruler was immersed in the protein dilution and attached to the PVDF membrane. After depositing of the proteins and drying of the membranes, the membranes were cut vertically into narrow strips. Before use, the narrow strips were incubated with 5% gelatin in TES, pH 7.5, for 1 hour at 37° C. The immunoblot protocols were carried out at ambient temperature as described by Bretz A. G. et al. [3]. The narrow strips were incubated for 2 hours with human sera diluted to ½00<sup>th</sup> in TBS with 1% gelatin, washed and incubated with an anti-human-IgG or anti-human-IgM antibody labeled with alkaline phosphatase (Sigma, St-Louis, USA) diluted to 1/1000<sup>th</sup> in TBS with 1% gelatin. After washing, the narrow strips were incubated with the alkaline phosphatase substrate BCIP-NBT (KPL, Gaithersburg, Md., USA) for 30 min., and then washed in distilled water and dried.

Panel of Sera Tested

The human sera were collected from clinically well-de-30 fined, typical LB patients corresponding to the various stages of LB (22 with erythema migrans [EM], 5 with carditis, 20 with neuroborreliosis [NB], 20 with Lyme arthritis [LA], 20 with acrodermatitis chronica atrophicans [ACA] and 10 with lymphadenosis cutis benigna [LCB]). Anti-Lyme IgGs were found by immunoblot, using whole cell lysates [4], in the sera of patients with LA, ACA and carditis. EM, NB and LCB were identified clinically, but not all the corresponding sera were found to be positive by immunoblot [4], or using the commercially available kits (Vidas® Lyme (biomérieux), Borrelia IgG (Diasorin®) and Borrelia IgM (r-Biopharm®)). On the other hand, all the cases of NB included in the study had detectable antibodies in the cerebrospinal fluid [CSF] (index extending from 2 to 27.1 with Vidas® Lyme (biomérieux)). The presence of IgM was sought only in the stage I and stage II clinical cases and not in the chronic stages.

The negative control group consisted of 31 sera previously found to be negative for the presence of anti-Lyme antibodies in conventional assays. Furthermore, 64 sera from healthy blood donors residing in a region endemic for Lyme disease (Monthley, Valais, Switzerland) were tested with the recombinant protein.

The strength of the reaction was evaluated as follows: [+], [++], [+++], [-] or equivocal results. The equivocal results were considered to be negative.

The results are given in table 8 below.

TABLE 7

	17 (15)	, ,					
Recombinant protein purification							
Protein	bLYM114	bLYM120	bLYM121				
Lysis and washing buffer							
Elution buffer		Buffer B <sup>2</sup>					
Elution step 1	90% Buffer A + 10% Buffer B (4CV)	92% Buffer A + 8% Buffer B (4CV)	100% Buffer B				
Elution step 2	100% Buffer B	100% Buffer B	NA				
Purification yield mg protein/g wet biomass	12	13	20				
Purification yield mg protein/L of culture	80	122	245				

 $^{1}$ 50 mM sodium phosphate, 30 mM imidazole, 500 mM NaCl, 0.1% Tween 20, 5% glycerol, pH = 7.8

The samples were analyzed on NuPAGE® Novex® 4-12% 40 in a NuPAGE® MES-SDS buffer, according to the instructions of the producer (Invitrogen). The proteins were either stained with Coomassie brilliant blue or were transferred electrophoretically onto a nitrocellulose membrane. The membrane was blocked with 5% (w/v) dry milk in PBS and incubated with an antipentahistidine antibody (Qiagen®) in PBS containing 0.05% Tween 20. A horseradish peroxidase-labeled goat anti-mouse IgG conjugate (Jackson Immunore-search laboratories) in PBS/Tween was used as secondary antibody.

The protein concentration was determined using the Bradford kit (Pierce Coomassie Plus, Perbio Science) with BSA as protein standard.

TABLE 8

Rea	ctivity in I	ine immu			a from pati ibinant pro		yme borrel	iosis, with 3	
			]	[gG				IgM	
	Stage I	Stag	ge II		Stage III		Stage I	Stag	ge II
Recombinant protein	EM (n = 22)	NB (n = 20)	Carditis (n = 5)	LA (n = 19)	ACA (n = 20)	LCB (n = 10)	EM (n = 22)	NB (n = 20)	Carditis (n = 5)
bLYM114 bLYM120	5 6	10 7	0	7 8	12 6	2	7 11	7	2 2

 $<sup>^{\</sup>text{pH}}$  = 7.8  $^{2}$ 50 mM sodium phosphate, 325 mM imidazole, 500 mM NaCl, 5% glycerol, pH = 7.5

TABLE 8-continued

Reactivity in Line immunoblot of human sera from patients with Lyme borreliosis, with 3
chimeric recombinant proteins

	IgG					IgM			
	Stage I	Stag	ge II		Stage III		Stage I	Stag	e II
Recombinant protein	EM (n = 22)	NB (n = 20)	Carditis (n = 5)	LA (n = 19)	ACA (n = 20)	LCB (n = 10)	EM (n = 22)	NB (n = 20)	Carditis (n = 5)
bLYM121 Σ bLYM 114 + 120 + 121	2 9	10 13	5 5	9 18	8 17	0 2	7 11	7 7	2 2
Positive sera (%) and reaction strength Total	40.9% 1 [+++] 4 [++] 4 [+] 66.7%	59.1% 8 [+++] 2 [++] 3 [+]	100% 4 [+++] 1 [+]	94.7% 7 [+++] 8 [++] 3 [+]	85% 8 [+++] 5 [++] 4 [+]	20% 1 [++] 1 [+]	50% 1 [+++] 7 [++] 5 [+] 42.5%	35% 5 [++] 2 [+]	40% 2 [++]
positives and reaction strength			28 20 16					1 [+++] 14 [++] 7 [+]	

The specificity is 100% on the basis of 31 sera originating from healthy individuals determined to be Lyme-negative using the standard commercially available tests.

### IgG Detection

The results indicate that the recombinant chimeric fusion proteins are diagnostic tools that are sensitive at all stages of the infection for IgGs and IgMs. They demonstrate an additional effect of the three recombinant proteins based, respectively, on sequences of *Borrelia afzelii*, *B. sensu stricto* and *B. garinii* for the detection of IgGs. The combined use of the three chimeric recombinant proteins makes it possible, at stage I of the infection, to detect IgGs in 9 cases of patients with EM out of 22 (i.e. 40.9% sensitivity).

### IgM Detection

Anti-chimera protein IgMs are found in 11 cases out of 22 (i.e. 50% sensitivity). These chimera proteins therefore detect the IgMs more often than the IgGs in the sera of stage-I LB patients. The tests performed as a control: immunoblot [4], and commercially available kit *Borrelia* IgM (r-Biopharm®) do not further detect IgM-positive sera. In addition, 3 sera found to be negative using the immunoblot test and *Borrelia* IgM (r-Biopharm®) are detected by the three chimeric proteins cited as example (3/3) or by one of the three proteins cited as example (1/3). The combined use of the three recombinant proteins makes it possible to improve the IgM detection sensitivity by 13.6% in stage I of the infection.

### Example 7

Evaluation and Validation of the Chimeric Recombinant Proteins bLYM114, bLYM120, bLYM121 and bLYM125 in a VIDAS® Test (bioMérieux)

This validation is carried out in a VIDAS® test using:

- 1) the recombinant chimeric proteins bLYM114, bLYM120 and bLYM121, obtained according to examples 4 and 5 for IgM detection, and
- 2) the chimeric recombinant proteins bLYM114 and bLYM120, obtained according to examples 4 and 5 and the chimeric protein bLYM125, obtained according to examples 1 and 2, for the IgG detection.

The principle of the VIDAS® test is the following: a tip constitutes the solid support which also serves as a pipetting system for the reagents present in the strip. The recombinant protein(s) is (are) attached to the tip. After a dilution step, the sample is drawn up and forced back several times in the tip. This allows the anti-Lyme immunoglobulins in the sample to

bind to the recombinant proteins. The unbound proteins are removed by washing. An anti-human-immunoglobulin antibody conjugated to alkaline phosphatase (ALP) is incubated in the tip, where it binds to the anti-Lyme immunoglobulins. Washing steps remove the unbound conjugate. During the final visualizing step, the alkaline phosphatase (ALP) substrate, 4-methylumbelliferyl phosphate, is hydrolyzed to 4-methyl-umbelliferone, the fluorescence of which emitted at 450 nm is measured. The intensity of the fluorescence is measured by means of the Vidas® optical system and is proportional to the presence of anti-Lyme immunoglobulins present in the sample. The results are analyzed automatically by the VIDAS® and expressed as RFV (Relative Fluorescent Value).

255 positive sera (equivocal sera+positive sera) and 298 negative sera (equivocal+negative) were thus assayed with the Vidas® system.

The Vidas® Lyme IgG tips are sensitized with 300  $\mu L$  of solution comprising the bLYM114, bLYM120 and bLYM125 proteins of the invention, each at a concentration of 1  $\mu g/mL$  in a common sensitizing solution.

In the first step, the sera are incubated for 5.3 min. for the formation of the antigen-antibody complexes. In the second step, anti-human-IgGs labeled with ALP are incubated for 5.3 min.

The results are given as an index relative to a positivity threshold positioned at 135 RFV in the protocol.

- Among the 255 positive sera tested, 246 are positive and 9 are falsely negative, which corresponds to a sensitivity of 96.5%
- Among the 298 negative sera tested, 284 are negative and 14 are falsely positive, which corresponds to a specificity of 95.3%.

### LITERATURE REFERENCES

- 1. Göttner G. et al., Int. J. Microbiol. 293, Suppl. 37, 172-173 (2004)
- 2. Arnaud N. et al., Gene 1997; 199:149-156.
- 3. Bretz A. G., K. Ryffel, P. Hutter, E. Dayer and O. Péter. Specificities and sensitivities of four monoclonal antibodies for typing of *Borrelia burgdorferi* sensu lato isolates. Clin. Diag. Lab. Immunol. 2001; 8: 376-384.
- Ryffel K., Péter O., Rutti B. and E. Dayer. Scored antibody reactivity by immunoblot suggests organotropism of *Bor*relia burgdorferi sensu stricto, *B. garinii*, *B. afzelii* and *B.* valaisiana in human. J. Clin. Microbiol. 1999; 37:4086-92
- 5. Steere A C. et al., Clin Infect Dis 2008; 47:188-195.

SEQUENCE LISTING

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-continued

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Glu	Gln 210	Ile	Leu	Lys	Ala	Ile 215	Val	Glu	Ala	Ala	Gly 220	Asp	Pro	Ala	Asn

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Gln Ala Gly Lys Lys Ala Glu Glu Ala Lys Asn Pro Ile Ala Ala Ala 230 Ile Gly Thr Asp Asp Asp Asn Gly Ala Ala Phe Lys Asp Glu Met Lys Lys Ser Asp Lys Ile Ala Ala Ile Val Leu Arg Gly Val Ala Lys 265 Asp Gly Lys Phe Ala Val Lys <210> SEQ ID NO 5 <211> LENGTH: 279 <212> TYPE: PRT <213 > ORGANISM: Borrelia sp. <400> SEQUENCE: 5 Lys Ser Gln Val Ala Asp Lys Asp Asp Pro Thr Asn Lys Phe Tyr Gln  $\,$ Ser Val Ile Gln Leu Gly Asn Gly Phe Leu Asp Val Phe Thr Ser Phe Gly Gly Leu Val Ala Glu Ala Phe Gly Phe Lys Ser Asp Pro Lys Lys Ser Asp Val Lys Thr Tyr Phe Thr Thr Val Ala Ala Lys Leu Glu Lys Thr Lys Thr Asp Leu Asn Ser Leu Pro Lys Glu Lys Ser Asp Ile Ser Ser Thr Thr Gly Lys Pro Asp Ser Thr Gly Ser Val Gly Thr Ala Val Glu Gly Ala Ile Lys Glu Val Ser Glu Leu Leu Asp Lys Leu Val Lys 105 Ala Val Lys Thr Ala Glu Gly Ala Ser Ser Gly Thr Ala Ala Ile Gly 120 Glu Val Val Ala Asp Ala Asp Ala Ala Lys Val Ala Asp Lys Ala Ser Val Lys Gly Ile Ala Lys Gly Ile Lys Glu Ile Val Glu Ala Ala Gly Gly Ser Glu Lys Leu Lys Ala Val Ala Ala Ala Lys Gly Glu Asn Asn Lys Gly Ala Gly Lys Leu Phe Gly Lys Ala Gly Ala Ala Ala His Gly Asp Ser Glu Ala Ala Ser Lys Ala Ala Gly Ala Val Ser Ala Val Ser Gly Glu Gln Ile Leu Ser Ala Ile Val Thr Ala Ala Asp Ala Ala Glu Gln Asp Gly Lys Lys Pro Glu Glu Ala Lys Asn Pro Ile Ala Ala Ala Ile Gly Asp Lys Asp Gly Gly Ala Glu Phe Gly Gln Asp Glu Met Lys Lys Asp Asp Gln Ile Ala Ala Ile Ala Leu Arg Gly Met Ala Lys 265 Asp Gly Lys Phe Ala Val Lys 275 <210> SEQ ID NO 6 <211> LENGTH: 25

<sup>&</sup>lt;212> TYPE: PRT

<sup>&</sup>lt;213 > ORGANISM: Borrelia sp.

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Ala Lys Asp Gly Lys Phe Ala Val Lys
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<211> LENGTH: 17
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Borrelia sp.
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Ile Val Ala Ala Ile Val Leu Arg Gly Val Ala Lys Ser Gly Lys Phe
Ala
<210> SEQ ID NO 8
<211> LENGTH: 25
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Borrelia sp.
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Ala Lys Asp Gly Gln Phe Ala Leu Lys
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<210> SEQ ID NO 9
<211> LENGTH: 7
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Borrelia sp.
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Asp Gly Glu Lys Glu Lys Ala
1 5
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<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Construct - Tag His
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His His His His His
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<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
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catcatcatc atcatcat
                                                                 18
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                                                                       18
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<400> SEQUENCE: 13
                                                                       18
catcatcacc accatcat
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<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Construct - aa+
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Met Arg Gly Ser
<210> SEQ ID NO 15
<211> LENGTH: 12
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
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atgaggggat cc
                                                                       12
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<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Construct - Tag His 3
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His His His His His His His
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<212> TYPE: DNA
<213 > ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
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                                                                       24
catcatcatc atcatcatca tcat
<210> SEQ ID NO 18
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<212> TYPE: PRT
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Construct - aa+ 1
<400> SEQUENCE: 18
Met Gly
1
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<213 > ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
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atgggc
<210> SEQ ID NO 20
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Phe Tyr Gln Ser Ile Ile Asn Leu Gly Asn Gly Phe Ile Glu Val Phe 20 25 30
Asn Ala Phe Ser Gly Leu Val Ala Asp Ala Phe Ser Lys Ala Asp Pro
Lys Lys Ser Asp Val Lys Thr Tyr Phe Asp Ser Ile Thr Lys Thr Leu 50 60
Lys Asp Thr Lys Thr Lys Leu Glu Asp Ile Ser Lys Glu Lys Thr Gly 65 70 75 80
Gly Glu Lys Thr Pro Ala Val Glu Gly Ile Ala Glu Val Val Lys Thr
Val Gly Glu Trp Leu Asp Gly Leu Ile Lys Ala Ala Glu Gly Gly
                         105
Lys Ala Ala Asp Gly Gly Ser Asp Lys Ile Gly Asn Val Ala Ala
                           120
Gly Gly Gly Ala Gly Ala Asp Lys Glu Ser Val Asn Gly Ile Ala Gly
Ala Ile Lys Gly Ile Val Glu Ala Ala Lys Lys Val Glu Gly Val Lys
Phe Ala Pro Lys Ala Ala Ala Asp Ala Ala Ala Asp Gly Asn Lys
                          170
Lys Ala Gly Lys Leu Phe Gly Thr Ala Ala Gly Ala Asp Ala Gly Asp
Val Lys Asp Ala Ala Ala Ala Val Gly Ala Val Ser Gly Glu Gln Ile 195 \phantom{\bigg|}200\phantom{\bigg|}205\phantom{\bigg|}
Leu Asn Ala Ile Val Thr Ala Ala Gly Gln Ala Gly Gln Ala Gly Lys
Lys Ala Asp Glu Ala Lys Asn Ala Ile Glu Ala Ala Ile Gly Ala Ala
Gly Asp Ala Asp Phe Gly Asp Asp Ile Lys Lys Lys Asn Asp Gln Ile
                245
Ala Ala Ala Leu Val Leu Arg Gly Val Ala Lys Asp Gly Lys Phe Ala
                                265
Gly Ala Met Lys Lys Asp Asp Gln Ile Ala Ala Ala Ile Ala Leu Arg
                         280
Gly Met Ala Lys Asp Gly Lys Phe Ala Val Lys Asp Gly Glu Lys Glu
```

Lys Ala Ile Val Ala Ala Ile Val Leu Arg Gly Val Ala Lys Ser Gly

Lys Phe Ala Met Lys Lys Asp Asp Gln Ile Ala Ala Ala Met Val Leu 325 330 Arg Gly Met Ala Lys Asp Gly Gln Phe Ala Leu Lys <210> SEQ ID NO 21 <211> LENGTH: 358 <212> TYPE: PRT <213> ORGANISM: Borrelia sp. <400> SEQUENCE: 21 Met Arg Gly Ser His His His His His Lys Asn Asn Val Gly Gly Asp Asp Lys Lys Asp Thr Ala Ala Ser Ile Phe Tyr Gln Ser Ile Ile Asn Leu Gly Asn Gly Phe Ile Glu Val Phe Asn Ala Phe Ser Gly Leu 40 Val Ala Asp Ala Phe Ser Lys Ala Asp Pro Lys Lys Ser Asp Val Lys 50Thr Tyr Phe Asp Ser Ile Thr Lys Thr Leu Lys Asp Thr Lys Thr Lys 65 70 75 80 Leu Glu Asp Ile Ser Lys Glu Lys Thr Gly Gly Glu Lys Thr Pro Ala Val Glu Gly Ile Ala Glu Val Val Lys Thr Val Gly Glu Trp Leu Asp Gly Leu Ile Lys Ala Ala Glu Gly Gly Lys Ala Ala Asp Gly Gly 120 Gly Ser Asp Lys Ile Gly Asn Val Ala Ala Gly Gly Ala Gly Ala Asp Lys Glu Ser Val Asn Gly Ile Ala Gly Ala Ile Lys Gly Ile Val Glu Ala Ala Lys Lys Val Glu Gly Val Lys Phe Ala Pro Lys Ala Ala Ala Asp Ala Ala Ala Asp Gly Asn Lys Lys Ala Gly Lys Leu Phe Gly Thr Ala Ala Gly Ala Asp Ala Gly Asp Val Lys Asp Ala Ala Ala Ala Val Gly Ala Val Ser Gly Glu Gln Ile Leu Asn Ala Ile Val Thr Ala Ala Gly Gln Ala Gly Gln Ala Gly Lys Lys Ala Asp Glu Ala Lys Asn Ala Ile Glu Ala Ala Ile Gly Ala Ala Gly Asp Ala Asp Phe Gly Asp Asp Ile Lys Lys Lys Asn Asp Gln Ile Ala Ala Ala Leu Val Leu 265 Arg Gly Val Ala Lys Asp Gly Lys Phe Ala Gly Ala Met Lys Lys Asp Asp Gln Ile Ala Ala Ile Ala Leu Arg Gly Met Ala Lys Asp Gly Lys Phe Ala Val Lys Asp Gly Glu Lys Glu Lys Ala Ile Val Ala Ala 310 315 Ile Val Leu Arg Gly Val Ala Lys Ser Gly Lys Phe Ala Met Lys Lys 330

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Asp Asp Gln Ile Ala Ala Ala Met Val Leu Arg Gly Met Ala Lys Asp
           340
                                345
Gly Gln Phe Ala Leu Lys
       355
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<211> LENGTH: 1077
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213 > ORGANISM: Borrelia sp.
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gatactgcgg ccagcatctt ctaccagtct attattaacc tgggtaacgg gttcattgaa
gtgtttaatg ccttttccgg gctggtggcc gacgcgttta gcaaagcaga tccgaaaaaa
tcagatgtca aaacttactt cgattcgatc acgaaaacac tgaaagatac caaaactaag
                                                                     240
ctggaagata ttagcaaaga aaaaacgggc ggcgaaaaaa cgccagccgt tgaaggtatc
gccgaagtcg tgaaaaccgt gggagagtgg ctggatggcc tgattaaagc ggcggaaggg
                                                                     360
ggcggcaaag cggcggatgg tggcggttcg gacaaaattg ggaatgtcgc tgcaggcggc
                                                                     420
ggcgcgggcg ccgacaagga aagtgtgaat ggaatcgcag gtgccattaa aggtatcgtg
                                                                     480
gaagetgeaa aaaaggtgga aggtgtgaaa ttegeeeega aagetgegge ggatgeagee
                                                                     540
                                                                     600
gccgctgatg gtaacaaaaa agcaggcaaa ctgtttggta ccgcggcggg cgcagacgcg
ggagacgtga aagatgcagc cgctgcggta ggggccgtga gcggtgaaca gattctgaat
                                                                     660
gcgattgtta cggcggcggg ccaggcaggc caggcgggga aaaaagctga tgaagcaaaa
                                                                     720
aatgcgattg aagctgccat tggtgcggct ggcgatgcgg attttggtga cgacattaaa
                                                                     780
aagaaaaacg atcaaattgc ggcggcgctg gttctgcgcg gagttgctaa agacggcaaa
                                                                     840
tttgccggcg ctatgaagaa agacgaccaa atcgcggcag ccattgcgct gcgcggcatg
                                                                     900
gcgaaagacg gcaaatttgc ggtgaaagat ggcgaaaaag aaaaagcgat tgtggcggcg
                                                                     960
atcgttctgc gcggtgttgc gaaaagcggt aaattcgcga tgaaaaaaga tgatcagatc
                                                                    1020
geegeagega tggttetgeg tggtatggee aaagatggte agtttgeeet gaaataa
                                                                     1077
<210> SEQ ID NO 23
<211> LENGTH: 357
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Borrelia sp.
<400> SEQUENCE: 23
Met Gly His His His His His His His Lys Asn Asn Val Gly Gly
Asp Asp Lys Lys Asp Thr Ala Ala Ser Ile Phe Tyr Gln Ser Ile Ile
Asn Leu Gly Asn Gly Phe Ile Glu Val Phe Asn Ala Phe Ser Gly Leu
                           40
Val Ala Asp Ala Phe Ser Lys Ala Asp Pro Lys Lys Ser Asp Val Lys
Thr Tyr Phe Asp Ser Ile Thr Lys Thr Leu Lys Asp Thr Lys Thr Lys
                   70
Leu Glu Asp Ile Ser Lys Glu Lys Thr Gly Gly Glu Lys Thr Pro Ala
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Val Glu Gly Ile Ala Glu Val Val Lys Thr Val Gly Glu Trp Leu Asp

105

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											-	con	tin	ued		
Gly	Leu	Ile 115	Lys	Ala	Ala	Glu	Gly 120	Gly	Gly	Lys	Ala	Ala 125	Asp	Gly	Gly	
Gly	Ser 130	Asp	Lys	Ile	Gly	Asn 135	Val	Ala	Ala	Gly	Gly 140	Gly	Ala	Gly	Ala	
Asp 145		Glu	Ser	Val	Asn 150	Gly	Ile	Ala	Gly	Ala 155	Ile	ГÀа	Gly	Ile	Val 160	
Glu	Ala	Ala	Lys	Lys 165	Val	Glu	Gly	Val	Lys 170	Phe	Ala	Pro	Lys	Ala 175	Ala	
Ala	Asp	Ala	Ala 180	Ala	Ala	Asp	Gly	Asn 185	Lys	Lys	Ala	Gly	Lys 190	Leu	Phe	
Gly	Thr	Ala 195	Ala	Gly	Ala	Asp	Ala 200	Gly	Asp	Val	Lys	Asp 205	Ala	Ala	Ala	
Ala	Val 210	Gly	Ala	Val	Ser	Gly 215	Glu	Gln	Ile	Leu	Asn 220	Ala	Ile	Val	Thr	
Ala 225	Gly	Gln	Ala	Gly	Gln 230	Ala	Gly	Lys	Lys	Ala 235	Asp	Glu	Ala	Lys	Asn 240	
Ala	Ile	Glu	Ala	Ala 245	Ile	Gly	Ala	Ala	Gly 250	Asp	Ala	Asp	Phe	Gly 255	Asp	
Asp	Ile	ГÀа	Lys 260	ГÀа	Asn	Asp	Gln	Ile 265	Ala	Ala	Ala	Leu	Val 270	Leu	Arg	
Gly	Val	Ala 275	Lys	Asp	Gly	ГÀа	Phe 280	Ala	Gly	Ala	Met	Lys 285	Lys	Asp	Asp	
Gln	Ile 290	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ile	Ala 295	Leu	Arg	Gly	Met	Ala 300	Lys	Asp	Gly	Lys	
Phe 305	Ala	Val	Lys	Asp	Gly 310	Glu	Lys	Glu	Lys	Ala 315	Ile	Val	Ala	Ala	Ile 320	
Val	Leu	Arg	Gly	Val 325	Ala	ГÀа	Ser	Gly	330 Lys	Phe	Ala	Met	Lys	Lys 335	Asp	
Asp	Gln	Ile	Ala 340	Ala	Ala	Met	Val	Leu 345	Arg	Gly	Met	Ala	Lys 350	Asp	Gly	
Gln	Phe	Ala 355	Leu	Lys												
<211 <212 <213	L> LE 2> TY 3> OF		H: 10 DNA ISM:	074 Bor:	relia	a sp										
		EQUEI														
														_	aaaaa	60
															attgaa	120
		_	_		_						_			_	aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa	180 240
		_									_				gcatt	300
															gaaggc	360
															gegge	420
															attgtg	480
															geggeg	540
gege	gegga	atg (	gcaa	caaa	aa aq	gegg	gcaaa	a cto	gtttg	ggca	ccg	ggcg	ggg (	gegg	gatgcg	600
ggcg	gatgt	ga a	aagat	tgcg	gc g	gegg	cggtg	g ggd	egegg	gtga	gcg	gcgaa	aca ç	gatto	ctgaac	660

gcgattgtga ccgcgggcca ggcgggccag gcgggcaaaa aagcggatga agcgaaaaac

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gcgattgaag cggcgattgg cgcggcgggc gatgcggatt ttggcgatga tattaaaaaa 780 aaaaacgatc agattgcggc ggcgctggtg ctgcgcggcg tggcgaaaga tggcaaattt 840 gcgggcgcga tgaaaaaaga tgatcagatt gcggcggcga ttgcgctgcg cggcatggcg aaagatggca aatttgcggt gaaagatggc gaaaaagaaa aagcgattgt ggcggcgatt gtgctgcgcg gcgtggcgaa aagcggcaaa tttgcgatga aaaaagatga tcagattgcg 1020 1074 gcggcgatgg tgctgcgcgg catggcgaaa gatggccagt ttgcgctgaa ataa <210> SEQ ID NO 25 <211> LENGTH: 149 <212> TYPE: PRT <213> ORGANISM: Borrelia sp. <400> SEQUENCE: 25 Ser Leu Thr Gly Lys Ala Arg Leu Glu Ser Ser Val Lys Asp Ile Thr 1  $\phantom{\bigg|}$  10  $\phantom{\bigg|}$  15 Asn Glu Ile Glu Lys Ala Ile Lys Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Gly Val Lys  $\phantom{\bigg|}20\phantom{\bigg|}25\phantom{\bigg|}30\phantom{\bigg|}$ Thr Asp Ala Phe Thr Glu Thr Gln Thr Gly Gly Lys Val Ala Gly Pro Lys Ile Arg Ala Ala Lys Ile Arg Val Ala Asp Leu Thr Ile Lys Phe 55 Leu Glu Ala Thr Glu Glu Glu Thr Ile Thr Phe Lys Glu Asn Gly Ala 70 Gly Glu Asp Glu Phe Ser Gly Ile Tyr Asp Leu Ile Leu Asn Ala Ala Lys Ala Val Glu Lys Ile Gly Met Lys Asp Met Thr Lys Thr Val Glu 105 Glu Ala Ala Lys Glu Asn Pro Lys Thr Thr Ala Asn Gly Ile Ile Glu 120 Ile Val Lys Val Met Lys Ala Lys Val Glu Asn Ile Lys Glu Lys Gln 135 Thr Lys Asn Gln Lys 145 <210> SEQ ID NO 26 <211> LENGTH: 211 <212> TYPE: PRT <213 > ORGANISM: Borrelia sp. <400> SEQUENCE: 26 Lys Lys Asn Thr Leu Ser Ala Ile Leu Met Thr Leu Phe Leu Phe Ile Ser Cys Asn Asn Ser Gly Lys Gly Gly Asp Ser Ala Ser Thr Asn Pro Ala Asp Glu Ser Ala Lys Gly Pro Asn Leu Thr Glu Ile Ser Lys Lys 40 Ile Thr Asp Ser Asn Ala Phe Val Leu Ala Val Lys Glu Val Glu Thr Leu Val Leu Ser Ile Asp Glu Leu Ala Lys Lys Ala Ile Gly Gln Lys Ile Asp Asn Asn Asn Gly Leu Ala Ala Leu Asn Asn Gln Asn Gly Ser 90

Leu Leu Ala Gly Ala Tyr Ala Ile Ser Thr Leu Ile Thr Glu Lys Leu 105

Ser Lys Leu Lys Asn Leu Glu Glu Leu Lys Thr Glu Ile Ala Lys Ala 120 Lys Lys Cys Ser Glu Glu Phe Thr Asn Lys Leu Lys Ser Gly His Ala 135 Asp Leu Gly Lys Gln Asp Ala Thr Asp Asp His Ala Lys Ala Ala Ile Leu Lys Thr His Ala Thr Thr Asp Lys Gly Ala Lys Glu Phe Lys Asp 170 Leu Phe Glu Ser Val Glu Gly Leu Leu Lys Ala Ala Gln Val Ala Leu Thr Asn Ser Val Lys Glu Leu Thr Ser Pro Val Val Ala Glu Ser Pro Lys Lys Pro 210 <210> SEQ ID NO 27 <211> LENGTH: 164 <212> TYPE: PRT <213> ORGANISM: Borrelia sp. <400> SEQUENCE: 27 Thr Gly Ala Thr Lys Ile Arg Leu Glu Arg Ser Ala Lys Asp Ile Thr Asp Glu Ile Asp Ala Ile Lys Lys Asp Ala Ala Leu Lys Gly Val Asn  $20 \hspace{1.5cm} 25 \hspace{1.5cm} 30 \hspace{1.5cm}$ Phe Asp Ala Phe Lys Asp Lys Lys Thr Gly Ser Gly Val Ser Glu Asn Pro Phe Ile Leu Glu Ala Lys Val Arg Ala Thr Thr Val Ala Glu Lys Phe Val Ile Ala Ile Glu Glu Glu Ala Thr Lys Leu Lys Glu Thr Gly Ser Ser Gly Glu Phe Ser Ala Met Tyr Asp Leu Met Phe Glu Val Ser Lys Pro Leu Gln Lys Leu Gly Ile Gln Glu Met Thr Lys Thr Val Ser Asp Ala Ala Glu Glu Asn Pro Pro Thr Thr Ala Gln Gly Val Leu Glu 120 Ile Ala Lys Lys Met Arg Glu Lys Leu Gln Arg Val His Thr Lys Asn Tyr Cys Thr Leu Lys Lys Glu Asn Ser Thr Phe Thr Asp Glu Lys Cys Lys Asn Asn <210> SEQ ID NO 28 <211> LENGTH: 185 <212> TYPE: PRT <213> ORGANISM: Borrelia sp. <400> SEQUENCE: 28 Asn Thr Ser Ala Asn Ser Ala Asp Glu Ser Val Lys Gly Pro Asn Leu Thr Glu Ile Ser Lys Lys Ile Thr Asp Ser Asn Ala Val Leu Leu Ala 25 Val Lys Glu Val Glu Ala Leu Leu Ser Ser Ile Asp Glu Ile Ala Ala 40

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Lys Ala Ile Gly Lys Lys Ile His Gln Asn Asn Gly Leu Asp Thr Glu Asn Asn His Asn Gly Ser Leu Leu Ala Gly Ala Tyr Ala Ile Ser Thr Leu Ile Lys Gln Lys Leu Asp Gly Leu Lys Asn Glu Gly Leu Lys Glu 85 90 95 Lys Ile Asp Ala Ala Lys Lys Cys Ser Glu Thr Phe Thr Asn Lys Leu Lys Glu Lys His Thr Asp Ser Phe Gly Lys Glu Gly Val Thr Asp Ala Asp Ala Lys Glu Ala Ile Leu Lys Thr Asn Gly Thr Lys Thr Lys Gly Ala Glu Glu Leu Gly Lys Leu Phe Glu Ser Val Glu Val Leu Ser Lys Ala Ala Lys Glu Met Leu Ala Asn Ser Val Lys Glu Leu Thr Ser Pro <210> SEQ ID NO 29 <211> LENGTH: 162 <212> TYPE: PRT <213 > ORGANISM: Borrelia sp. <400> SEOUENCE: 29 Thr Gly Glu Thr Lys Ile Arg Leu Glu Ser Ser Ala Gln Glu Ile Lys 10 Asp Glu Ile Asn Lys Ile Lys Ala Asn Ala Lys Lys Glu Gly Val Lys 25 Phe Glu Ala Phe Thr Asp Lys Gln Thr Gly Ser Lys Val Ser Glu Lys 40 Pro Glu Phe Ile Leu Lys Ala Lys Ile Lys Ala Ile Gln Val Ala Glu Lys Phe Val Lys Ala Ile Lys Glu Glu Ala Glu Lys Leu Lys Lys Ser Gly Ser Ser Gly Ala Phe Ser Ala Met Tyr Asp Leu Met Leu Asp Val Ser Lys Pro Leu Glu Glu Ile Gly Ile Gln Lys Met Thr Gly Thr Val Thr Lys Glu Ala Glu Lys Thr Pro Pro Thr Thr Ala Glu Gly Ile Leu Ala Ile Ala Gln Ala Met Glu Glu Lys Leu Asn Asn Val Asn Lys Lys Gln Gln Asp Ala Leu Lys Asn Leu Glu Glu Lys Ala Asn Thr Ala Ala 150 155 Thr Thr <210> SEQ ID NO 30 <211> LENGTH: 154 <212> TYPE: PRT <213> ORGANISM: Borrelia sp. <400> SEQUENCE: 30 Ser Gly Thr Gly Lys Ala Arg Leu Glu Ser Ser Val Lys Asp Ile Thr 5 Asp Glu Ile Asp Lys Ala Ile Lys Glu Ala Ile Ala Asp Gly Val Lys

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Leu Asn Glu Leu Glu Glu Asn Lys Thr Gly Ala Lys Lys Gly Gly Pro 40 Gln Ile Arg Asp Ala Lys Ile Arg Val Ile Asn Leu Ser Val Lys Phe Leu Lys Glu Ile Glu Glu Glu Ala Asn Ile Leu Lys Asp Asn Val Gly Met Asn Lys Val Asp Lys Asp Gln Leu Leu Lys Asp Met Tyr Asp Leu Met Leu Asn Ala Ala Gly Ser Leu Gln Lys Leu Gly Leu Gln Glu Met Ile Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ala Ala Glu Lys Thr Pro Pro Thr Thr Val Glu Gly Ile Leu Met Ile Ala Asn Thr Ile Glu Asp Lys Leu Lys Lys Ile Lys Gly Lys Gln Glu Thr Asn Lys Lys <210> SEQ ID NO 31 <211> LENGTH: 176 <212> TYPE: PRT <213> ORGANISM: Borrelia sp. <400> SEQUENCE: 31 Asp Glu Ser Ala Lys Gly Pro Asn Leu Thr Val Ile Ser Lys Lys Ile Thr Asp Ser Asn Ala Phe Leu Leu Ala Val Lys Glu Val Glu Ala Leu 25 Leu Ser Ser Ile Asp Glu Leu Ser Lys Ala Ile Gly Lys Lys Ile Lys Asn Asp Gly Thr Leu Asp Asn Glu Ala Asn Arg Asn Glu Ser Leu Ile Ala Gly Ala Tyr Glu Ile Ser Lys Leu Ile Thr Gln Lys Leu Ser Val Leu Asn Ser Glu Glu Leu Lys Glu Lys Ile Lys Glu Ala Lys Asp Cys Ser Glu Lys Phe Thr Thr Lys Leu Lys Asp Ser His Ala Glu Leu Gly Ile Gln Ser Val Gln Asp Asp Asn Ala Lys Lys Ala Ile Leu Lys Thr 120 His Gly Thr Lys Asp Lys Gly Ala Lys Glu Leu Glu Glu Leu Phe Lys Ser Leu Glu Ser Leu Ser Lys Ala Ala Gln Ala Ala Leu Thr Asn Ser Val Lys Glu Leu Thr Asn Pro Val Val Ala Glu Ser Pro Lys Lys Pro 165 170 <210> SEQ ID NO 32 <211> LENGTH: 361 <212> TYPE: PRT <213> ORGANISM: Borrelia sp. <400> SEQUENCE: 32 Met Ser Leu Thr Gly Lys Ala Arg Leu Glu Ser Ser Val Lys Asp Ile 5

Thr Asn Glu Ile Glu Lys Ala Ile Lys Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Gly Val

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20		25	30
Lys Thr Asp Ala		Thr Gln Thr Gl	y Gly Lys Val Ala Gly
35		40	45
Pro Lys Ile Arg	Ala Ala Lys 1	Ile Arg Val Al	a Asp Leu Thr Ile Lys
50	55		60
Phe Leu Glu Ala	Thr Glu Glu (	Glu Thr Ile Th	r Phe Lys Glu Asn Gly
65		75	80
Ala Gly Glu Asp	Glu Phe Ser (	Gly Ile Tyr As	p Leu Ile Leu Asn Ala
	85	90	95
Ala Lys Ala Val		Gly Met Lys As	p Met Thr Lys Thr Val
100		105	110
Glu Glu Ala Ala		Pro Lys Thr Th	r Ala Asn Gly Ile Ile
115		120	125
Glu Ile Val Lys 130	Val Met Lys A	Ala Lys Val Gl	u Asn Ile Lys Glu Lys 140
Gln Thr Lys Asn	Gln Lys Lys I	Lys Asn Thr Le	u Ser Ala Ile Leu Met
145	150	15	5 160
Thr Leu Phe Leu	Phe Ile Ser (	Cys Asn Asn Se 170	r Gly Lys Gly Gly Asp 175
Ser Ala Ser Thr		Asp Glu Ser Al	a Lys Gly Pro Asn Leu
180		185	190
Thr Glu Ile Ser		Thr Asp Ser As	n Ala Phe Val Leu Ala
195		200	205
Val Lys Glu Val	Glu Thr Leu V	Val Leu Ser Il	e Asp Glu Leu Ala Lys
210	215		220
Lys Ala Ile Gly	Gln Lys Ile A	Asp Asn Asn As	n Gly Leu Ala Ala Leu
225	230	23	5 240
Asn Asn Gln Asn	Gly Ser Leu I	Leu Ala Gly Al	a Tyr Ala Ile Ser Thr
	245	250	255
Leu Ile Thr Glu		Lys Leu Lys As	n Leu Glu Glu Leu Lys
260		265	270
Thr Glu Ile Ala		Lys Cys Ser Gl	u Glu Phe Thr Asn Lys
275		280	285
Leu Lys Ser Gly	His Ala Asp I	Leu Gly Lys Gl	n Asp Ala Thr Asp Asp
290	295		300
His Ala Lys Ala	Ala Ile Leu I	Lys Thr His Al	a Thr Thr Asp Lys Gly
305	310	31	5 320
Ala Lys Glu Phe	Lys Asp Leu I	Phe Glu Ser Va	l Glu Gly Leu Leu Lys
	325	330	335
Ala Ala Gln Val		Asn Ser Val Ly	s Glu Leu Thr Ser Pro
340		345	350
Val Val Ala Glu 355	_	Lys Pro 360	
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<400> SEQUENCE:	33		
Met Arg Gly Ser	His His His F	His His His Se	r Leu Thr Gly Lys Ala
1		10	15
Arg Leu Glu Ser	Ser Val Lys A	Asp Ile Thr As	n Glu Ile Glu Lys Ala
20		25	30

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Asn Phe Asp Ala Phe Lys Asp Lys Lys Thr Gly Ser Gly Val Ser Glu Asn Pro Phe Ile Leu Glu Ala Lys Val Arg Ala Thr Thr Val Ala Glu Lys Phe Val Ile Ala Ile Glu Glu Glu Ala Thr Lys Leu Lys Glu Thr Gly Ser Ser Gly Glu Phe Ser Ala Met Tyr Asp Leu Met Phe Glu Val Ser Lys Pro Leu Gln Lys Leu Gly Ile Gln Glu Met Thr Lys Thr Val Ser Asp Ala Ala Glu Glu Asn Pro Pro Thr Thr Ala Gln Gly Val Leu Glu Ile Ala Lys Lys Met Arg Glu Lys Leu Gln Arg Val His Thr Lys Asn Tyr Cys Thr Leu Lys Lys Lys Glu Asn Ser Thr Phe Thr Asp Glu 150 155 Lys Cys Lys Asn Asn Asn Thr Ser Ala Asn Ser Ala Asp Glu Ser Val 170 165 Lys Gly Pro Asn Leu Thr Glu Ile Ser Lys Lys Ile Thr Asp Ser Asn 185 Ala Val Leu Leu Ala Val Lys Glu Val Glu Ala Leu Leu Ser Ser Ile 200 Asp Glu Ile Ala Ala Lys Ala Ile Gly Lys Lys Ile His Gln Asn Asn 215 Gly Leu Asp Thr Glu Asn Asn His Asn Gly Ser Leu Leu Ala Gly Ala 230 Tyr Ala Ile Ser Thr Leu Ile Lys Gln Lys Leu Asp Gly Leu Lys Asn Glu Gly Leu Lys Glu Lys Ile Asp Ala Ala Lys Lys Cys Ser Glu Thr 265 Phe Thr Asn Lys Leu Lys Glu Lys His Thr Asp Ser Phe Gly Lys Glu 280 Gly Val Thr Asp Ala Asp Ala Lys Glu Ala Ile Leu Lys Thr Asn Gly 295 Thr Lys Thr Lys Gly Ala Glu Glu Leu Gly Lys Leu Phe Glu Ser Val Glu Val Leu Ser Lys Ala Ala Lys Glu Met Leu Ala Asn Ser Val Lys Glu Leu Thr Ser Pro Val Val Ala Glu Ser Pro Lys Lys Pro <210> SEQ ID NO 35 <211> LENGTH: 359 <212> TYPE: PRT <213 > ORGANISM: Borrelia sp. <400> SEQUENCE: 35 Met Arg Gly Ser His His His His His Thr Gly Ala Thr Lys Ile 1.0 Arg Leu Glu Arg Ser Ala Lys Asp Ile Thr Asp Glu Ile Asp Ala Ile Lys Lys Asp Ala Ala Leu Lys Gly Val Asn Phe Asp Ala Phe Lys Asp

Lys Lys Thr Gly Ser Gly Val Ser Glu Asn Pro Phe Ile Leu Glu Ala

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Gly	Ile	Gln 115	Glu	Met	Thr	ГÀЗ	Thr 120	Val	Ser	Asp	Ala	Ala 125	Glu	Glu	Asn
Pro	Pro 130	Thr	Thr	Ala	Gln	Gly 135	Val	Leu	Glu	Ile	Ala 140	Lys	Lys	Met	Arg
Glu 145	Lys	Leu	Gln	Arg	Val 150	His	Thr	Lys	Asn	Tyr 155	Cys	Thr	Leu	Lys	Lys 160
Lys	Glu	Asn	Ser	Thr 165	Phe	Thr	Asp	Glu	Lys 170	Cys	Lys	Asn	Asn	Asn 175	Thr
Ser	Ala	Asn	Ser 180	Ala	Asp	Glu	Ser	Val 185	Lys	Gly	Pro	Asn	Leu 190	Thr	Glu
Ile	Ser	Lys 195	Lys	Ile	Thr	Asp	Ser 200	Asn	Ala	Val	Leu	Leu 205	Ala	Val	Lys
Glu	Val 210	Glu	Ala	Leu	Leu	Ser 215	Ser	Ile	Asp	Glu	Ile 220	Ala	Ala	Lys	Ala
Ile 225	Gly	Lys	Lys	Ile	His 230	Gln	Asn	Asn	Gly	Leu 235	Asp	Thr	Glu	Asn	Asn 240
His	Asn	Gly	Ser	Leu 245	Leu	Ala	Gly	Ala	Tyr 250	Ala	Ile	Ser	Thr	Leu 255	Ile
ГÀв	Gln	Lys	Leu 260	Asp	Gly	Leu	Lys	Asn 265	Glu	Gly	Leu	Lys	Glu 270	Lys	Ile
Asp	Ala	Ala 275	Lys	ГЛа	CAa	Ser	Glu 280	Thr	Phe	Thr	Asn	Lys 285	Leu	Lys	Glu
ГÀз	His 290	Thr	Asp	Ser	Phe	Gly 295	Lys	Glu	Gly	Val	Thr 300	Asp	Ala	Asp	Ala
305 TAa	Glu	Ala	Ile	Leu	Lys 310	Thr	Asn	Gly	Thr	Lys 315	Thr	Lys	Gly	Ala	Glu 320
Glu	Leu	Gly	Lys	Leu 325	Phe	Glu	Ser	Val	Glu 330	Val	Leu	Ser	ГÀз	Ala 335	Ala
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Lys	Phe	Glu 35	Ala	Phe	Thr	Asp	Lys 40	Gln	Thr	Gly	Ser	Lуs 45	Val	Ser	Glu
Lys	Pro 50	Glu	Phe	Ile	Leu	Lуs 55	Ala	Lys	Ile	Lys	Ala 60	Ile	Gln	Val	Ala

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Ser	Gly	Ser	Ser	Gly 85	Ala	Phe	Ser	Ala	Met 90	Tyr	Asp	Leu	Met	Leu 95	Asp
Val	Ser	Lys	Pro 100	Leu	Glu	Glu	Ile	Gly 105	Ile	Gln	Lys	Met	Thr 110	Gly	Thr
Val	Thr	Lys 115	Glu	Ala	Glu	Lys	Thr 120	Pro	Pro	Thr	Thr	Ala 125	Glu	Gly	Ile
Leu	Ala 130	Ile	Ala	Gln	Ala	Met 135	Glu	Glu	Lys	Leu	Asn 140	Asn	Val	Asn	Lys
Lys 145	Gln	Gln	Asp	Ala	Leu 150	Lys	Asn	Leu	Glu	Glu 155	Lys	Ala	Asn	Thr	Ala 160
Ala	Thr	Thr	Ser	Gly 165	Thr	Gly	Lys	Ala	Arg 170	Leu	Glu	Ser	Ser	Val 175	Lys
Asp	Ile	Thr	Asp 180	Glu	Ile	Asp	Lys	Ala 185	Ile	Lys	Glu	Ala	Ile 190	Ala	Asp
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Gly	Gly 210	Pro	Gln	Ile	Arg	Asp 215	Ala	Lys	Ile	Arg	Val 220	Ile	Asn	Leu	Ser
Val 225	Lys	Phe	Leu	Lys	Glu 230	Ile	Glu	Glu	Glu	Ala 235	Asn	Ile	Leu	Lys	Asp 240
Asn	Val	Gly	Met	Asn 245	Lys	Val	Asp	Lys	Asp 250	Gln	Leu	Leu	Lys	Asp 255	Met
Tyr	Asp	Leu	Met 260	Leu	Asn	Ala	Ala	Gly 265	Ser	Leu	Gln	Lys	Leu 270	Gly	Leu
Gln	Glu	Met 275	Ile	Lys	Thr	Val	Thr 280	Gln	Ala	Ala	Glu	Lys 285	Thr	Pro	Pro
Thr	Thr 290	Val	Glu	Gly	Ile	Leu 295	Met	Ile	Ala	Asn	Thr 300	Ile	Glu	Asp	Lys
Leu 305	ГЛа	ГЛа	Ile	ГЛа	Gly 310	ГЛа	Gln	Glu	Thr	Asn 315	ГЛа	ГЛа	Asp	Glu	Ser 320
Ala	Lys	Gly	Pro	Asn 325	Leu	Thr	Val	Ile	Ser 330	Lys	ГЛа	Ile	Thr	Asp 335	Ser
Asn	Ala	Phe	Leu 340	Leu	Ala	Val	Lys	Glu 345	Val	Glu	Ala	Leu	Leu 350	Ser	Ser
Ile	Asp	Glu 355	Leu	Ser	ràa	Ala	Ile 360	Gly	ГЛа	Lys	Ile	Lуз 365	Asn	Asp	Gly
Thr	Leu 370	Asp	Asn	Glu	Ala	Asn 375	Arg	Asn	Glu	Ser	Leu 380	Ile	Ala	Gly	Ala
Tyr 385	Glu	Ile	Ser	ГÀа	Leu 390	Ile	Thr	Gln	Lys	Leu 395	Ser	Val	Leu	Asn	Ser 400
Glu	Glu	Leu	Lys	Glu 405	ГÀв	Ile	Lys	Glu	Ala 410	Lys	Asp	CAa	Ser	Glu 415	Lys
Phe	Thr	Thr	Lys 420	Leu	ràs	Asp	Ser	His 425	Ala	Glu	Leu	Gly	Ile 430	Gln	Ser
Val	Gln	Asp 435	Asp	Asn	Ala	Lys	Lys 440	Ala	Ile	Leu	Lys	Thr 445	His	Gly	Thr
ГÀа	Asp 450	Lys	Gly	Ala	Lys	Glu 455	Leu	Glu	Glu	Leu	Phe 460	Lys	Ser	Leu	Glu
Ser 465	Leu	Ser	Lys	Ala	Ala 470	Gln	Ala	Ala	Leu	Thr 475	Asn	Ser	Val	Lys	Glu 480
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490

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Ile Gly Lys Lys Ile Lys Asn Asp Gly Thr Leu Asp Asn Glu Ala Asn Arg Asn Glu Ser Leu Ile Ala Gly Ala Tyr Glu Ile Ser Lys Leu Ile Thr Gln Lys Leu Ser Val Leu Asn Ser Glu Glu Leu Lys Glu Lys Ile Lys Glu Ala Lys Asp Cys Ser Glu Lys Phe Thr Thr Lys Leu Lys Asp 425 Ser His Ala Glu Leu Gly Ile Gln Ser Val Gln Asp Asp Asn Ala Lys Lys Ala Ile Leu Lys Thr His Gly Thr Lys Asp Lys Gly Ala Lys Glu Leu Glu Glu Leu Phe Lys Ser Leu Glu Ser Leu Ser Lys Ala Ala Gln Ala Ala Leu Thr Asn Ser Val Lys Glu Leu Thr Asn Pro Val Val Ala Glu Ser Pro Lys Lys Pro 500 <210> SEQ ID NO 38 <211> LENGTH: 506 <212> TYPE: PRT <213 > ORGANISM: Borrelia sp. <400> SEOUENCE: 38 Met Arg Gly Ser His His His His His Thr Gly Glu Thr Lys Ile 10 Arg Leu Glu Ser Ser Ala Gln Glu Ile Lys Asp Glu Ile Asn Lys Ile 25 Lys Ala Asn Ala Lys Lys Glu Gly Val Lys Phe Glu Ala Phe Thr Asp 40 Lys Gln Thr Gly Ser Lys Val Ser Glu Lys Pro Glu Phe Ile Leu Lys Ala Lys Ile Lys Ala Ile Gln Val Ala Glu Lys Phe Val Lys Ala Ile Lys Glu Glu Ala Glu Lys Leu Lys Lys Ser Gly Ser Ser Gly Ala Phe Ser Ala Met Tyr Asp Leu Met Leu Asp Val Ser Lys Pro Leu Glu Glu Ile Gly Ile Gln Lys Met Thr Gly Thr Val Thr Lys Glu Ala Glu Lys Thr Pro Pro Thr Thr Ala Glu Gly Ile Leu Ala Ile Ala Gln Ala Met Glu Glu Lys Leu Asn Asn Val Asn Lys Lys Gln Gln Asp Ala Leu Lys 150 155 Asn Leu Glu Glu Lys Ala Asn Thr Ala Ala Thr Thr Ser Gly Thr Gly Lys Ala Arg Leu Glu Ser Ser Val Lys Asp Ile Thr Asp Glu Ile Asp 185 Lys Ala Ile Lys Glu Ala Ile Ala Asp Gly Val Lys Leu Asn Glu Leu 200 Glu Glu Asn Lys Thr Gly Ala Lys Lys Gly Gly Pro Gln Ile Arg Asp 215 Ala Lys Ile Arg Val Ile Asn Leu Ser Val Lys Phe Leu Lys Glu Ile 230 235

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Ala	Gly	Ser 275	Leu	Gln	Lys	Leu	Gly 280	Leu	Gln	Glu	Met	Ile 285	Lys	Thr	Val	
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Leu	Ser 370	Lys	Ala	Ile	Gly	Lys 375	Lys	Ile	ГÀв	Asn	Asp	Gly	Thr	Leu	Asp	
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Ser	Lys	Leu	Ile	Thr 405	Gln	Lys	Leu	Ser	Val 410	Leu	Asn	Ser	Glu	Glu 415	Leu	
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gcg	ggcga	aag a	atga	attta	ag c	ggcat	ttat	gat	ctga	attc	tgaa	acgc	ggc (	gaaaq	geggtg	300
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aaagagaata gcactttta					540
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The invention claimed is:

- 1. A nucleic acid encoding a chimeric protein, the chimeric protein comprising:
  - (i) at least one amino acid sequence having at least 50% 40 sequence identity with any of the amino acid sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 1-5; and
  - (ii) at least one amino acid sequence having at least 80% sequence identity with any of the amino acid sequences 45 selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 6-8, wherein the chimeric protein comprises at least one amino acid sequence of (i) and at least one amino acid sequence of (ii) that are from different *Borrelia* strains or species.
- 2. The nucleic acid of claim 1, wherein the at least one 50 amino acid sequence of (i) has at least 85% sequence identity with any of the amino acid sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 1-5, and the at least one amino acid sequence of (ii) has at least 85% sequence identity with any of the amino acid sequences selected from the group 55 consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 6-8.
- 3. The nucleic acid of claim 1, wherein the chimeric protein further comprises a VR6 region of a *Borrelia* species.
- 4. The nucleic acid of claim 1, wherein the chimeric protein comprises:
  - an amino acid sequence having at least 50% sequence identity with the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1; an amino acid sequence having at least 80% sequence identity with the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 6; an amino acid sequence having at least 80% sequence identity with the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 7; and 12.

- an amino acid sequence having at least 80% sequence identity with the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 8.
- 5. The nucleic acid of claim 4, wherein the amino acid sequences have at least 85% sequence identity with the amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NOS: 1, 6, 7, and 8, respectively.
- 6. The nucleic acid of claim 4, wherein the chimeric protein further comprises the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 9.
- 7. The nucleic acid of claim 1, wherein the chimeric protein comprises the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 21, or SEO ID NO: 23.
- **8**. The nucleic acid of claim 7, comprising the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 22 or SEQ ID NO: 24.
- 9. An expression cassette comprising the nucleic acid of claim 1 and elements for expressing the nucleic acid.
- 10. An expression cassette comprising the nucleic acid of claim 2 and elements for expressing the nucleic acid.
- 11. An expression cassette comprising the nucleic acid of claim 4 and elements for expressing the nucleic acid.
- 12. An expression cassette comprising the nucleic acid of claim 5 and elements for expressing the nucleic acid.
- 13. An expression cassette comprising the nucleic acid of claim 7 and elements for expressing the nucleic acid.
- 14. An expression cassette comprising the nucleic acid of claim 8 and elements for expressing the nucleic acid.
  - 15. A vector comprising the expression cassette of claim 9.16. A vector comprising the expression cassette of claim
  - 10. A vector comprising the expression cassette of claim
    10.
  - 17. A vector comprising the expression cassette of claim 11.
  - 18. A vector comprising the expression cassette of claim 12.

 $\begin{tabular}{l} \bf 71 \\ \bf 19. \ A \ vector \ comprising \ the \ expression \ cassette \ of \ claim \end{tabular}$ 

20. A vector comprising the expression cassette of claim 14.